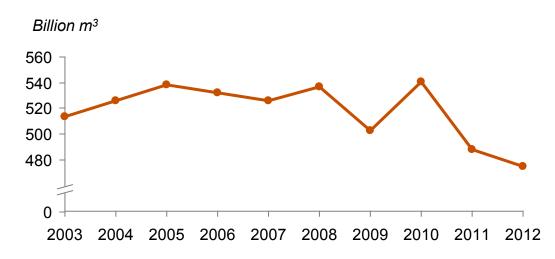


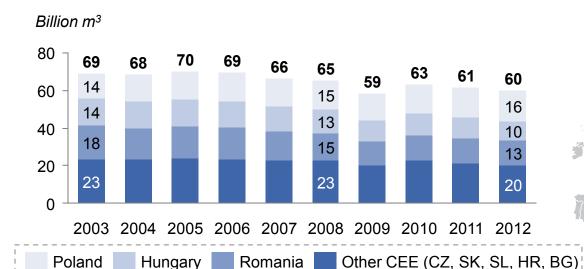
## Consumption of natural gas in the EU has decreased in the recent years

Evolution of natural gas consumption in the EU (incl. Croatia)





Natural gas consumption of some CEE countries in 2012

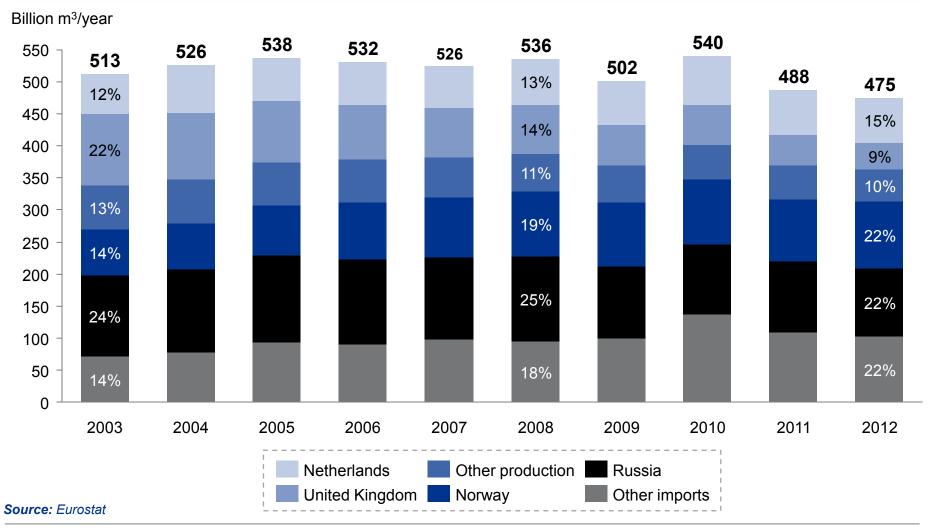




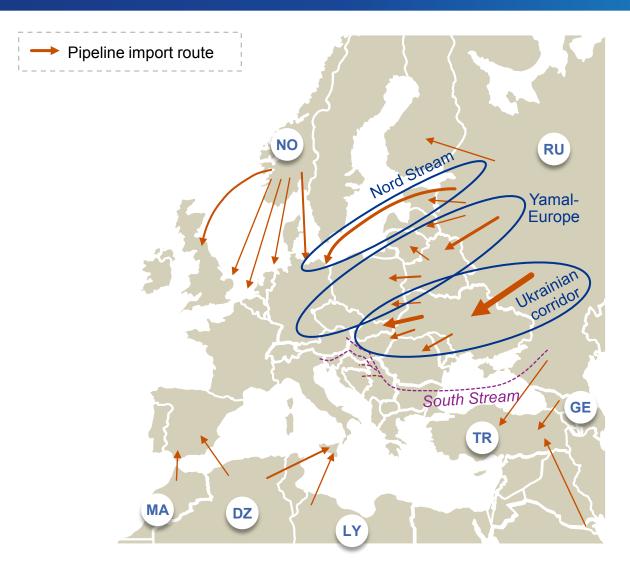
Source: Eurostat

### The structure of natural gas sources has changed significantly

### Natural gas by source in the EU



### Significant amount of East-West capacities already available



#### **Nord Stream**

55 billion m<sup>3</sup>

### Yamal-Europe

33 billion m<sup>3</sup>

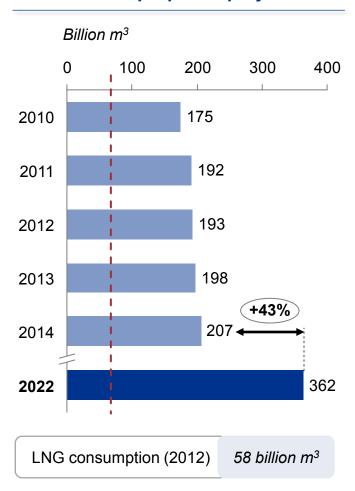
#### **Ukrainian** corridor

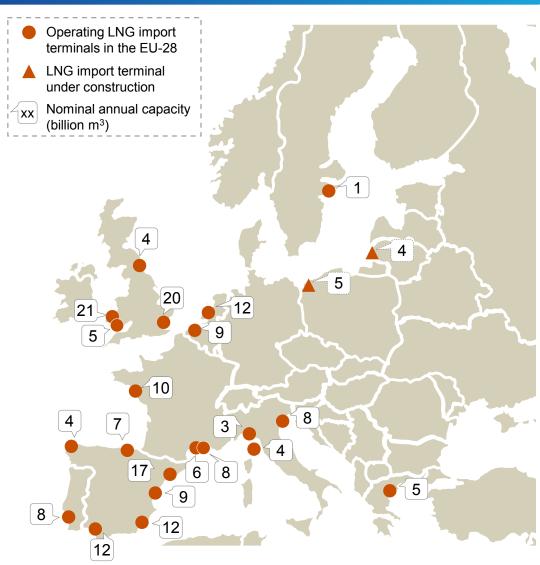
112 billion m<sup>3</sup>

**Source:** ENTSO-G; KPMG analysis

### LNG has been playing an increasingly important role in supplying Europe

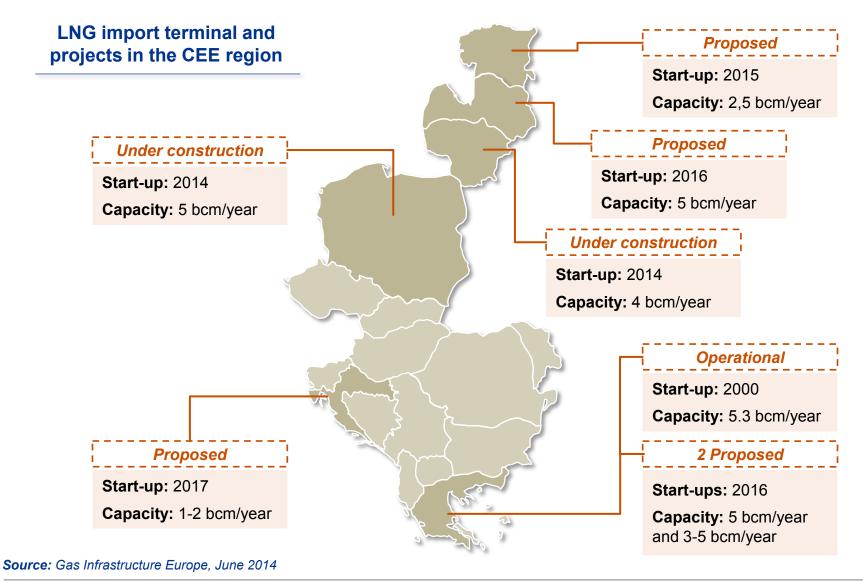
# Total LNG capacity in Europe included proposed projects



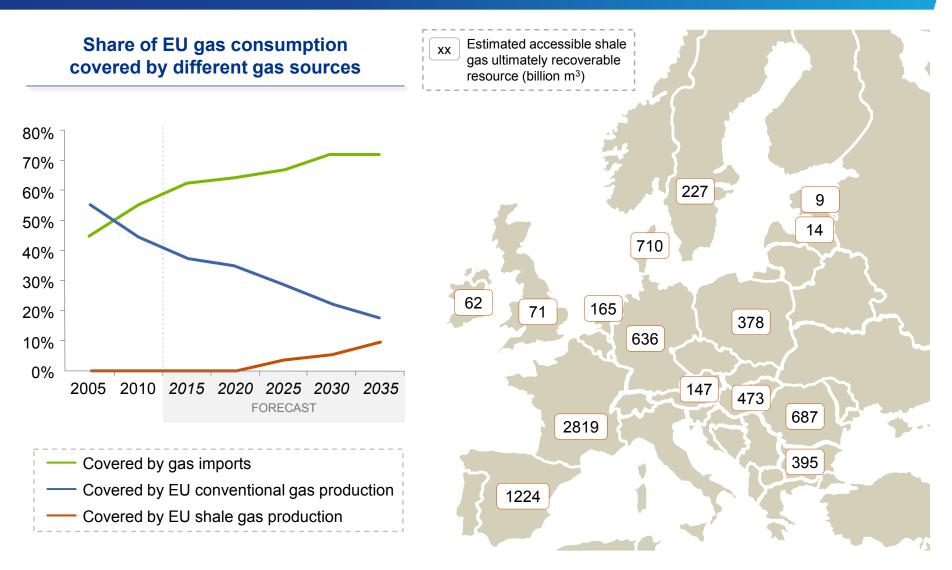


Source: Engerer et al. 2014; Gas Infrastructure Europe, June 2014

## Several LNG projects are under construction or proposed in the CEE region

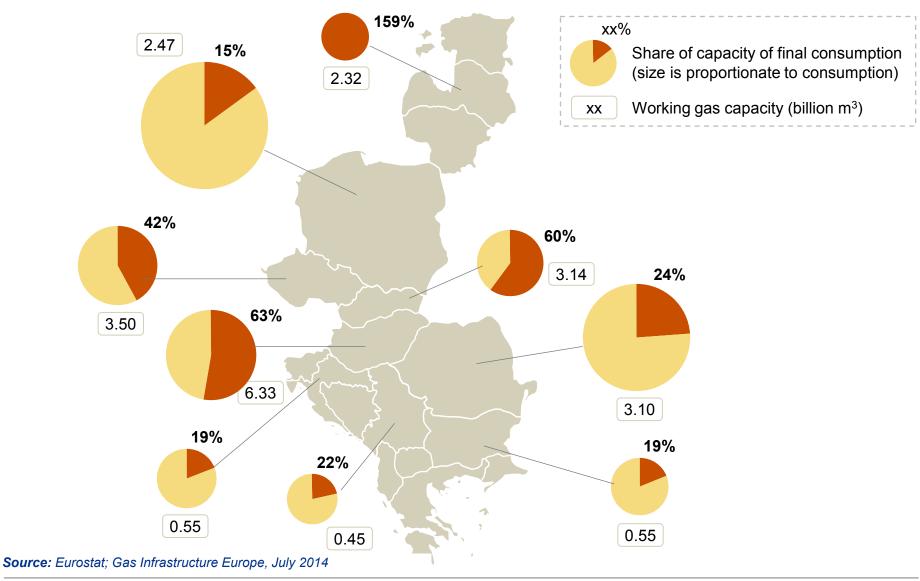


## Shale gas production can reach at least 10% of EU consumption by 2030

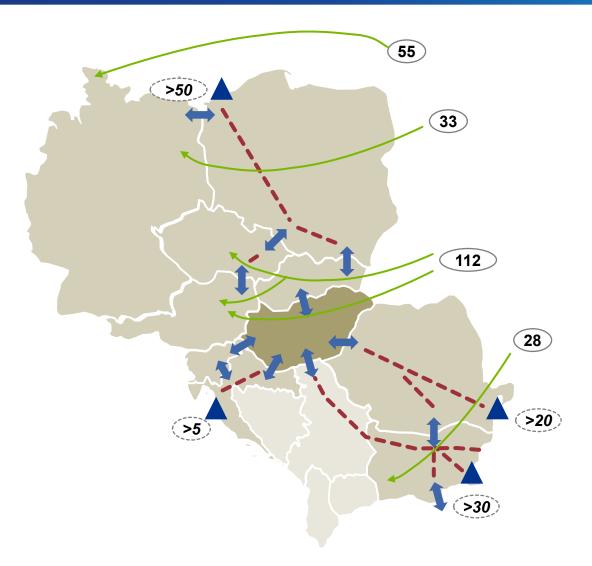


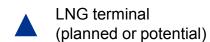
Source: European Commission: Macroeconomic impacts of shale gas extraction in the EU, 2014; KPMG analysis

## Significant amount of storage capacities is available in the CEE region



### Further infrastructural developments are needed within the CEE region

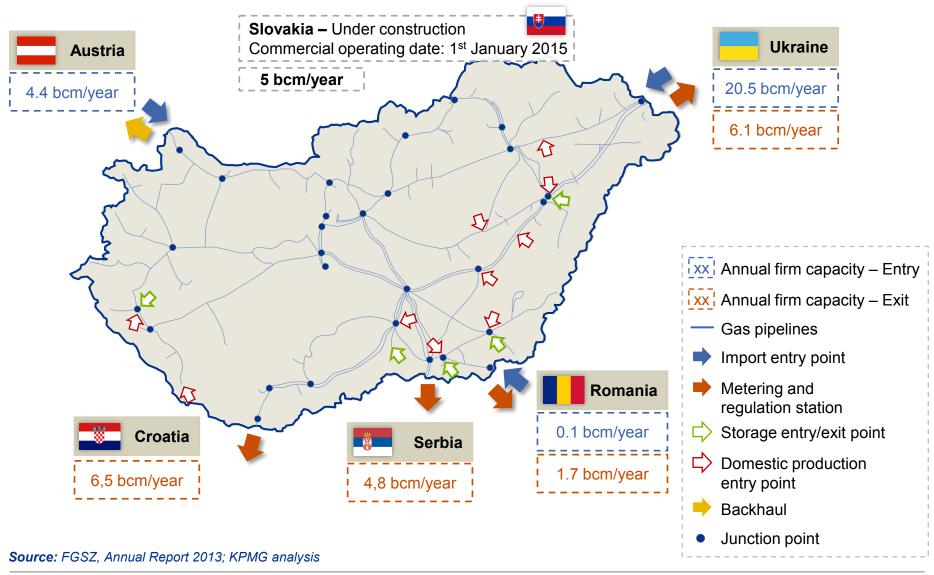




- Interconnector to be built or further developed
- Network to be built or further developed
- Capacities within or close to the CEE region (bcm)
- Available capacity for CEE (estimated max. potential, bcm)

Source: Action Plan for North-South Energy Interconnections in Central-Eastern Europe; KPMG analysis

### Hungary is already well-connected to the neighbouring countries



# Thank you for your attention!

### For further information



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